

AMENDMENTS TO LB 355

(Amendments to E & R amendments, ER8042)

Introduced by Lautenbaugh, 18.

1 1. Strike the original sections and all amendments
2 thereto and insert the following new sections:

3 Section 1. Section 53-101, Revised Statutes Cumulative
4 Supplement, 2008, is amended to read:

5 53-101 Sections 53-101 to 53-1,122 and section 5 of this
6 act shall be known and may be cited as the Nebraska Liquor Control
7 Act.

8 Sec. 2. Section 53-103, Revised Statutes Cumulative
9 Supplement, 2008, is amended to read:

10 53-103 For purposes of the Nebraska Liquor Control Act,
11 unless the context otherwise requires:

12 (1) Alcohol means the product of distillation of any
13 fermented liquid, whether rectified or diluted, whatever the origin
14 thereof, and includes synthetic ethyl alcohol and alcohol processed
15 or sold in a gaseous form. Alcohol does not include denatured
16 alcohol or wood alcohol;

17 (2) Spirits means any beverage which contains alcohol
18 obtained by distillation, mixed with water or other substance
19 in solution, and includes brandy, rum, whiskey, gin, or other
20 spirituous liquors and such liquors when rectified, blended, or
21 otherwise mixed with alcohol or other substances;

22 (3) Wine means any alcoholic beverage obtained by the

1 fermentation of the natural contents of fruits or vegetables,
2 containing sugar, including such beverages when fortified by the
3 addition of alcohol or spirits;

4 (4) Beer means a beverage obtained by alcoholic
5 fermentation of an infusion or concoction of barley or other grain,
6 malt, and hops in water and includes, but is not limited to, beer,
7 ale, stout, lager beer, porter, and near beer;

8 (5) Alcoholic liquor includes alcohol, spirits, wine,
9 beer, and any liquid or solid, patented or not, containing alcohol,
10 spirits, wine, or beer and capable of being consumed as a beverage
11 by a human being. Alcoholic liquor also includes confections or
12 candy with alcohol content of more than one-half of one percent
13 alcohol. The act does not apply to (a) alcohol used in the
14 manufacture of denatured alcohol produced in accordance with acts
15 of Congress and regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to
16 such acts, (b) flavoring extracts, syrups, medicinal, mechanical,
17 scientific, culinary, or toilet preparations, or food products
18 unfit for beverage purposes, but the act applies to alcoholic
19 liquor used in the manufacture, preparation, or compounding of such
20 products or confections or candy that contains more than one-half
21 of one percent alcohol, or (c) wine intended for use and used by
22 any church or religious organization for sacramental purposes;

23 (6) Near beer means beer containing less than one-half of
24 one percent of alcohol by volume;

25 (7) Original package means any bottle, flask, jug, can,
26 cask, barrel, keg, hogshead, or other receptacle or container
27 used, corked or capped, sealed, and labeled by the manufacturer of

1 alcoholic liquor to contain and to convey any alcoholic liquor;

2 (8) Manufacturer means every brewer, fermenter,
3 distiller, rectifier, winemaker, blender, processor, bottler,
4 or person who fills or refills an original package and others
5 engaged in brewing, fermenting, distilling, rectifying, or bottling
6 alcoholic liquor, including a wholly owned affiliate or duly
7 authorized agent for a manufacturer;

8 (9) Nonbeverage user means every manufacturer of any
9 of the products set forth and described in subsection (4) of
10 section 53-160, when such product contains alcoholic liquor, and
11 all laboratories, hospitals, and sanatoria using alcoholic liquor
12 for nonbeverage purposes;

13 (10) Manufacture means to distill, rectify, ferment,
14 brew, make, mix, concoct, process, blend, bottle, or fill an
15 original package with any alcoholic liquor and includes blending
16 but does not include the mixing or other preparation of drinks for
17 serving by those persons authorized and permitted in the act to
18 serve drinks for consumption on the premises where sold;

19 (11) Wholesaler means a person importing or causing to be
20 imported into the state or purchasing or causing to be purchased
21 within the state alcoholic liquor for sale or resale to retailers
22 licensed under the act, whether the business of the wholesaler is
23 conducted under the terms of a franchise or any other form of an
24 agreement with a manufacturer or manufacturers, or who has caused
25 alcoholic liquor to be imported into the state or purchased in
26 the state from a manufacturer or manufacturers and was licensed
27 to conduct such a business by the commission on May 1, 1970, or

1 has been so licensed since that date. Wholesaler does not include
2 any retailer licensed to sell alcoholic liquor for consumption off
3 the premises who sells alcoholic liquor other than beer or wine
4 to another retailer pursuant to section 53-175, except that any
5 such retailer shall obtain the required federal wholesaler's basic
6 permit and federal wholesale liquor dealer's special tax stamp.
7 Wholesaler includes a distributor, distributorship, and jobber;

8 (12) Person means any natural person, trustee,
9 corporation, partnership, or limited liability company;

10 (13) Retailer means a person who sells or offers for sale
11 alcoholic liquor for use or consumption and not for resale in any
12 form except as provided in section 53-175;

13 (14) Sell at retail and sale at retail means sale for use
14 or consumption and not for resale in any form except as provided in
15 section 53-175;

16 (15) Commission means the Nebraska Liquor Control
17 Commission;

18 (16) Sale means any transfer, exchange, or barter in any
19 manner or by any means for a consideration and includes any sale
20 made by any person, whether principal, proprietor, agent, servant,
21 or employee;

22 (17) To sell means to solicit or receive an order for, to
23 keep or expose for sale, or to keep with intent to sell;

24 (18) Restaurant means any public place (a) which is kept,
25 used, maintained, advertised, and held out to the public as a place
26 where meals are served and where meals are actually and regularly
27 served, (b) which has no sleeping accommodations, and (c) which

1 has adequate and sanitary kitchen and dining room equipment and
2 capacity and a sufficient number and kind of employees to prepare,
3 cook, and serve suitable food for its guests;

4 (19) Club means a corporation (a) which is organized
5 under the laws of this state, not for pecuniary profit, solely
6 for the promotion of some common object other than the sale or
7 consumption of alcoholic liquor, (b) which is kept, used, and
8 maintained by its members through the payment of annual dues, (c)
9 which owns, hires, or leases a building or space in a building
10 suitable and adequate for the reasonable and comfortable use and
11 accommodation of its members and their guests, and (d) which
12 has suitable and adequate kitchen and dining room space and
13 equipment and a sufficient number of servants and employees for
14 cooking, preparing, and serving food and meals for its members
15 and their guests. The affairs and management of such club shall
16 be conducted by a board of directors, executive committee, or
17 similar body chosen by the members at their annual meeting, and
18 no member, officer, agent, or employee of the club shall be paid
19 or shall directly or indirectly receive, in the form of salary or
20 other compensation, any profits from the distribution or sale of
21 alcoholic liquor to the club or the members of the club or its
22 guests introduced by members other than any salary fixed and voted
23 at any annual meeting by the members or by the governing body of
24 the club out of the general revenue of the club;

25 (20) Hotel means any building or other structure (a)
26 which is kept, used, maintained, advertised, and held out to
27 the public to be a place where food is actually served and

1 consumed and sleeping accommodations are offered for adequate
2 pay to travelers and guests, whether transient, permanent, or
3 residential, (b) in which twenty-five or more rooms are used for
4 the sleeping accommodations of such guests, and (c) which has one
5 or more public dining rooms where meals are served to such guests,
6 such sleeping accommodations and dining rooms being conducted in
7 the same buildings in connection therewith and such building or
8 buildings or structure or structures being provided with adequate
9 and sanitary kitchen and dining room equipment and capacity;

10 (21) Nonprofit corporation means any corporation
11 organized under the laws of this state, not for profit, which has
12 been exempted from the payment of federal income taxes;

13 (22) Minor means any person, male or female, under
14 twenty-one years of age, regardless of marital status;

15 (23) Brand means alcoholic liquor identified as the
16 product of a specific manufacturer;

17 (24) Franchise or agreement, with reference to the
18 relationship between a manufacturer and wholesaler, includes one or
19 more of the following: (a) A commercial relationship of a definite
20 duration or continuing indefinite duration which is not required
21 to be in writing; (b) a relationship by which the wholesaler is
22 granted the right to offer and sell the manufacturer's brands by
23 the manufacturer; (c) a relationship by which the franchise, as an
24 independent business, constitutes a component of the manufacturer's
25 distribution system; (d) a relationship by which the operation
26 of the wholesaler's business is substantially associated with
27 the manufacturer's brand, advertising, or other commercial symbol

1 designating the manufacturer; and (e) a relationship by which the
2 operation of the wholesaler's business is substantially reliant on
3 the manufacturer for the continued supply of beer;

4 (25) Territory or sales territory means the wholesaler's
5 area of sales responsibility for the brand or brands of the
6 manufacturer;

7 (26) Suspend means to cause a temporary interruption of
8 all rights and privileges of a license;

9 (27) Cancel means to discontinue all rights and
10 privileges of a license;

11 (28) Revoke means to permanently void and recall all
12 rights and privileges of a license;

13 (29) Generic label means a label which is not protected
14 by a registered trademark, either in whole or in part, or to
15 which no person has acquired a right pursuant to state or federal
16 statutory or common law;

17 (30) Private label means a label which the purchasing
18 wholesaler or retailer has protected, in whole or in part, by
19 a trademark registration or which the purchasing wholesaler or
20 retailer has otherwise protected pursuant to state or federal
21 statutory or common law;

22 (31) Farm winery means any enterprise which produces and
23 sells wines produced from grapes, other fruit, or other suitable
24 agricultural products of which at least seventy-five percent of
25 the finished product is grown in this state or which meets the
26 requirements of section 53-123.13;

27 (32) Campus, as it pertains to the southern boundary of

1 the main campus of the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, means the
2 south right-of-way line of R Street and abandoned R Street from
3 10th to 17th streets;

4 (33) Brewpub means any restaurant or hotel which produces
5 on its premises a maximum of ten thousand barrels of beer per year;

6 (34) Manager means a person appointed by a corporation to
7 oversee the daily operation of the business licensed in Nebraska. A
8 manager shall meet all the requirements of the act as though he or
9 she were the applicant, except for residency and citizenship;

10 (35) Shipping license means a license granted pursuant to
11 section 53-123.15;

12 (36) Sampling means consumption on the premises of a
13 retail licensee of not more than five samples of one fluid ounce or
14 less of alcoholic liquor by the same person in a twenty-four-hour
15 period;

16 (37) Microbrewery means any small brewery producing a
17 maximum of ten thousand barrels of beer per year;

18 (38) Craft brewery means a brewpub or a microbrewery;

19 (39) Local governing body means (a) the city council or
20 village board of trustees of a city or village within which the
21 licensed premises are located or (b) if the licensed premises are
22 not within the corporate limits of a city or village, the county
23 board of the county within which the licensed premises are located;

24 (40) Consume means knowingly and intentionally drinking
25 or otherwise ingesting alcoholic liquor; and

26 (41) Microdistillery means a distillery located in
27 Nebraska that is licensed to distill liquor on the premises of the

1 distillery licensee and produces ten thousand or fewer gallons of
2 liquor annually; ~~and-~~

3 (42) Cigar bar means an establishment operated by a
4 holder of a Class C liquor license which:

5 (a) Does not sell food;

6 (b) In addition to selling alcohol, annually receives ten
7 percent or more of its gross revenue from the sale of cigars and
8 other tobacco products and tobacco-related products, except from
9 the sale of cigarettes as defined in section 69-2702;

10 (c) Has a walk-in humidor on the premises; and

11 (d) Does not allow gambling of any kind on the premises.

12 Sec. 3. Section 53-124, Revised Statutes Cumulative
13 Supplement, 2008, is amended to read:

14 53-124 At the time application is made to the commission
15 for a license of any type, the applicant shall pay the fee provided
16 in this section and, if the applicant is an individual, provide the
17 applicant's social security number. The fees for annual licenses
18 finally issued by the commission shall be as follows:

19 (1) (a) For a license to manufacture alcohol and
20 spirits.....\$1,000.00;

21 (b) For a license to operate a
22 microdistillery.....\$250.00;

23 (2) For a license to manufacture beer and wine or to
24 operate a farm winery or craft brewery:

25 (a) Manufacture of beer, excluding beer produced by a
26 craft brewery:

27 (i) 1 to 100 barrel daily capacity, or any part

1 thereof.....\$100.00

2 (ii) 100 to 150 barrel daily capacity.....200.00

3 (iii) 150 to 200 barrel daily capacity.....350.00

4 (iv) 200 to 300 barrel daily capacity.....500.00

5 (v) 300 to 400 barrel daily capacity.....650.00

6 (vi) 400 to 500 barrel daily capacity.....700.00

7 (vii) 500 barrel daily capacity, or more.....800.00;

8 (b) Operation of a craft brewery.....\$250.00;

9 (c) Manufacture of wines.....\$250.00;

10 (d) Operation of a farm winery.....\$250.00.

11 For purposes of subdivision (2) (a) of this section, daily
12 capacity shall mean the average daily barrel production for the
13 previous twelve months of manufacturing operation. If no such
14 basis for comparison exists, the manufacturing licensee shall pay
15 in advance for the first year's operation a fee of five hundred
16 dollars;

17 (3) Alcoholic liquor wholesale license, for the first and
18 each additional wholesale place of business operated in this state
19 by the same licensee and wholesaling alcoholic liquor, except beer
20 and wines produced from farm wineries.....\$750.00;

21 (4) Beer wholesale license, for the first and each
22 additional wholesale place of business operated in this state by
23 the same licensee and wholesaling beer only.....\$500.00;

24 (5) For a retail license:

25 (a) Class A: Beer only except for craft breweries, for
26 consumption on the premises, the sum of one hundred dollars;

27 (b) Class B: Beer only except for craft breweries, for

1 consumption off the premises, sales in the original packages only,
2 the sum of one hundred dollars;

3 (c) Class C: Alcoholic liquor, for consumption on the
4 premises and off the premises, sales in original packages only,
5 the sum of three hundred dollars, except for farm winery,
6 microdistillery, or craft brewery sales outlets. If the applicant
7 is making application to operate a cigar bar, the initial,
8 nonrefundable application fee shall be one thousand dollars, the
9 annual fee thereafter shall be as specified in this subdivision,
10 and the application shall meet the requirements of section 53-131.

11 If a Class C license is held by a nonprofit corporation, it shall
12 be restricted to consumption on the premises only. A Class C
13 license may have a sampling designation restricting consumption on
14 the premises to sampling, but such designation shall not affect
15 sales for consumption off the premises under such license;

16 (d) Class D: Alcoholic liquor, including beer, for
17 consumption off the premises, sales in the original packages only,
18 except as provided in subsection (2) of section 53-123.04, the sum
19 of two hundred dollars, except for farm winery, microdistillery, or
20 craft brewery sales outlets; and

21 (e) Class I: Alcoholic liquor, for consumption on the
22 premises, the sum of two hundred fifty dollars, except for farm
23 winery, microdistillery, or craft brewery sales outlets.

24 All applicable license fees shall be paid by the
25 applicant or licensee directly to the city or village treasurer in
26 the case of premises located inside the corporate limits of a city
27 or village and directly to the county treasurer in the case of

1 premises located outside the corporate limits of a city or village;

2 (6) For a railroad license.....\$100.00 and \$1.00 for each
3 duplicate;

4 (7) For a boat license.....\$50.00;

5 (8) For a nonbeverage user's license:

6 Class 1.....\$5.00

7 Class 2.....25.00

8 Class 3.....50.00

9 Class 4.....100.00

10 Class 5.....250.00;

11 (9) For an airline license.....\$100.00 and \$1.00 for each
12 duplicate;

13 (10) For a shipping license, except a shipping license
14 issued pursuant to subsection (4) of section 53-123.15.....\$200.00;
15 and

16 (11) For a shipping license issued pursuant to subsection
17 (4) of section 53-123.15.....\$500.00.

18 The license year, unless otherwise provided in the
19 Nebraska Liquor Control Act, shall commence on May 1 of each
20 year and shall end on the following April 30, except that the
21 license year for a Class C license shall commence on November 1
22 of each year and shall end on the following October 31. During
23 the license year, no license shall be issued for a sum less than
24 the amount of the annual license fee as fixed in this section,
25 regardless of the time when the application for such license has
26 been made, except that (a) when there is a purchase of an existing
27 licensed business and a new license of the same class is issued or

1 (b) upon the issuance of a new license for a location which has
2 not been previously licensed, the license fee and occupation taxes
3 shall be prorated on a quarterly basis as of the date of issuance.

4 Sec. 4. Section 53-131, Revised Statutes Cumulative
5 Supplement, 2008, is amended to read:

6 53-131 (1) Any person desiring to obtain a new license
7 to sell alcoholic liquor at retail, a craft brewery license, or a
8 microdistillery license shall file with the commission:

9 (a) An application in triplicate original upon forms
10 the commission prescribes, including the information required by
11 subsection (3) of this section for an application to operate a
12 cigar bar;

13 (b) The license fee if under section 53-124 such fee
14 is payable to the commission, which fee shall be returned to
15 the applicant if the application is denied, except that if the
16 applicant is making application to operate a cigar bar, the initial
17 application fee is nonrefundable as provided in subdivision (5)(c)
18 of section 53-124; and

19 (c) The state registration fee in the sum of forty-five
20 dollars.

21 (2) The commission shall notify, by registered or
22 certified mail, return receipt requested with postage prepaid, (a)
23 the clerk of the city or village in which such license is sought or
24 (b) if the license sought is not sought within a city or village,
25 the county clerk of the county in which such license is sought, of
26 the receipt of the application and shall enclose one copy of the
27 application with the notice. No such license shall be issued or

1 denied by the commission until the expiration of the time allowed
2 for the receipt of a recommendation of denial or an objection
3 requiring a hearing under subdivision (1)(a) or (b) of section
4 53-133. During the period of forty-five days after the date of
5 receiving such application from the commission, the local governing
6 body of such city, village, or county may make and submit to the
7 commission recommendations relative to the granting or refusal to
8 grant such license to the applicant.

9 (3) For an application to operate a cigar bar, the
10 application shall include proof of the cigar bar's annual gross
11 revenue. The commission may adopt and promulgate rules and
12 regulations to regulate cigar bars.

13 Sec. 5. No county resolution or city ordinance that
14 prohibits smoking in indoor areas shall apply to cigar bars.

15 Sec. 6. Section 71-5730, Revised Statutes Cumulative
16 Supplement, 2008, is amended to read:

17 71-5730 The following indoor areas are exempt from
18 section 71-5729:

19 (1) Guestrooms and suites that are rented to guests and
20 are designated as smoking rooms, except that not more than twenty
21 percent of rooms rented to guests in an establishment may be
22 designated as smoking rooms. All smoking rooms on the same floor
23 shall be contiguous, and smoke from such rooms shall not infiltrate
24 into areas where smoking is prohibited under the Nebraska Clean
25 Indoor Air Act;

26 (2) Indoor areas used in connection with a research
27 study on the health effects of smoking conducted in a scientific

1 or analytical laboratory under state or federal law or at a
2 college or university approved by the Coordinating Commission for
3 Postsecondary Education; ~~and~~

4 (3) Tobacco retail outlets; ~~and-~~

5 (4) Cigar bars as defined in section 53-103.

6 Sec. 7. This act becomes operative on June 1, 2009.

7 Sec. 8. Original sections 53-101, 53-103, 53-124, 53-131,
8 and 71-5730, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2008, are
9 repealed.

10 Sec. 9. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect
11 when passed and approved according to law.